

Development of FXR agonists as antivirals against hepatitis viruses

Centre International de Recherche en Infectiologie, **Lyon, France**

This work has been supported by EnyoPharma (Research contract)

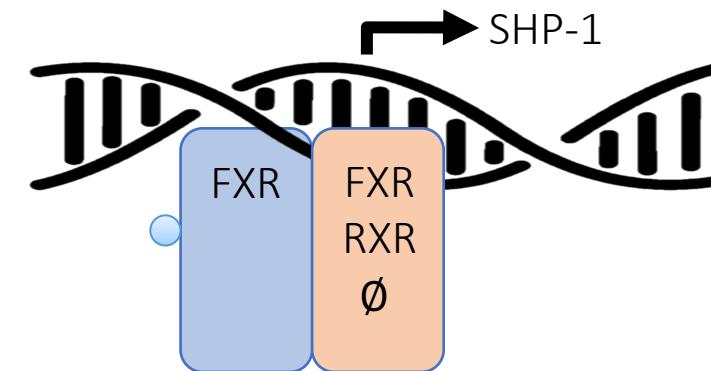
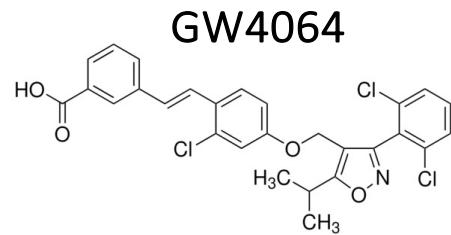


Endorsed by



Farnesoid X receptor: a master regulator of organism metabolism

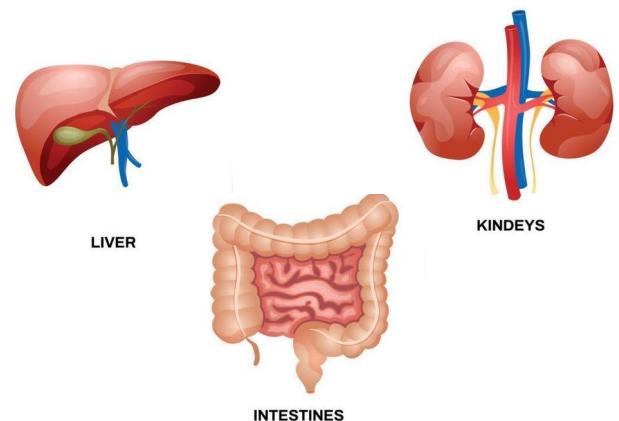
- Bile acids / FXR agonists



FXR role:

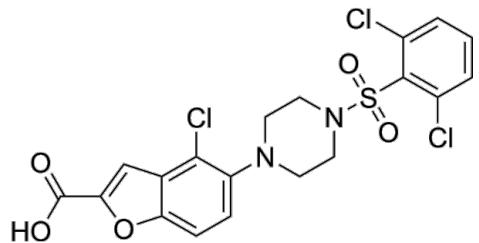
- Bile acids metabolism
- Glucose metabolism
- Lipid metabolism
- Immunomodulation

FXR expression:



- Adipose tissue
- Immune cells

FXR agonists in clinic: high repurposing potential

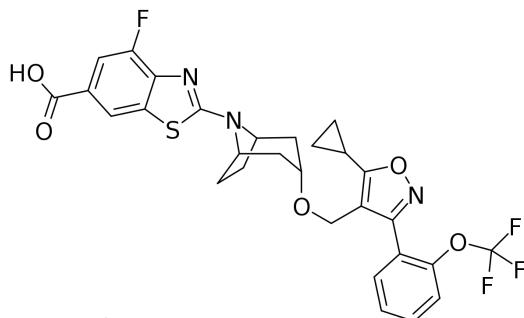


Vonafexor

Alport syndrome (2024, Phase 2)

NASH (2019 phase 2)

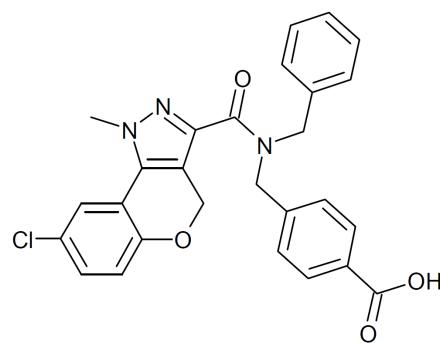
Chronic HBV (2017, Phase 1 – 2020, Phase 2)



Tropifexor

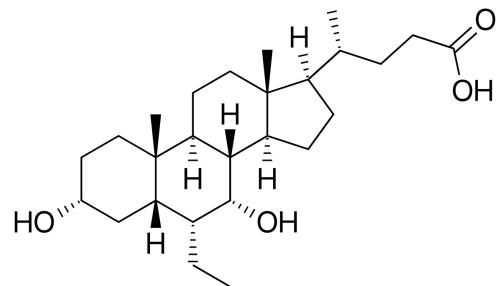
Primary biliary cholangitis (2015, Phase 2)

NASH and liver fibrosis (2019, Phase 2)



Nidufexor

Diabetic nephropathy (2018, Phase 2)



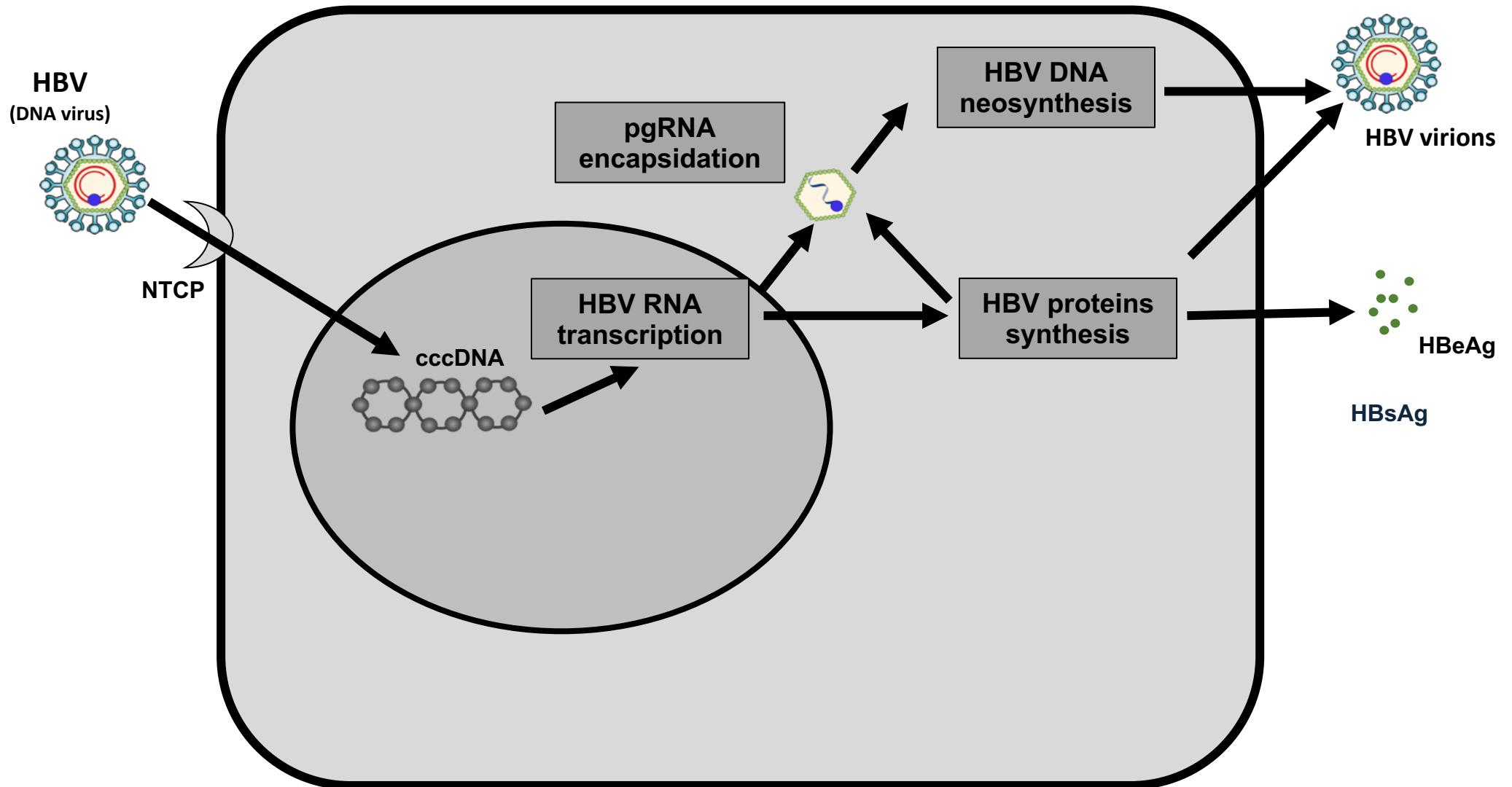
OCA

Primary biliary cholangitis (approval in 2016)

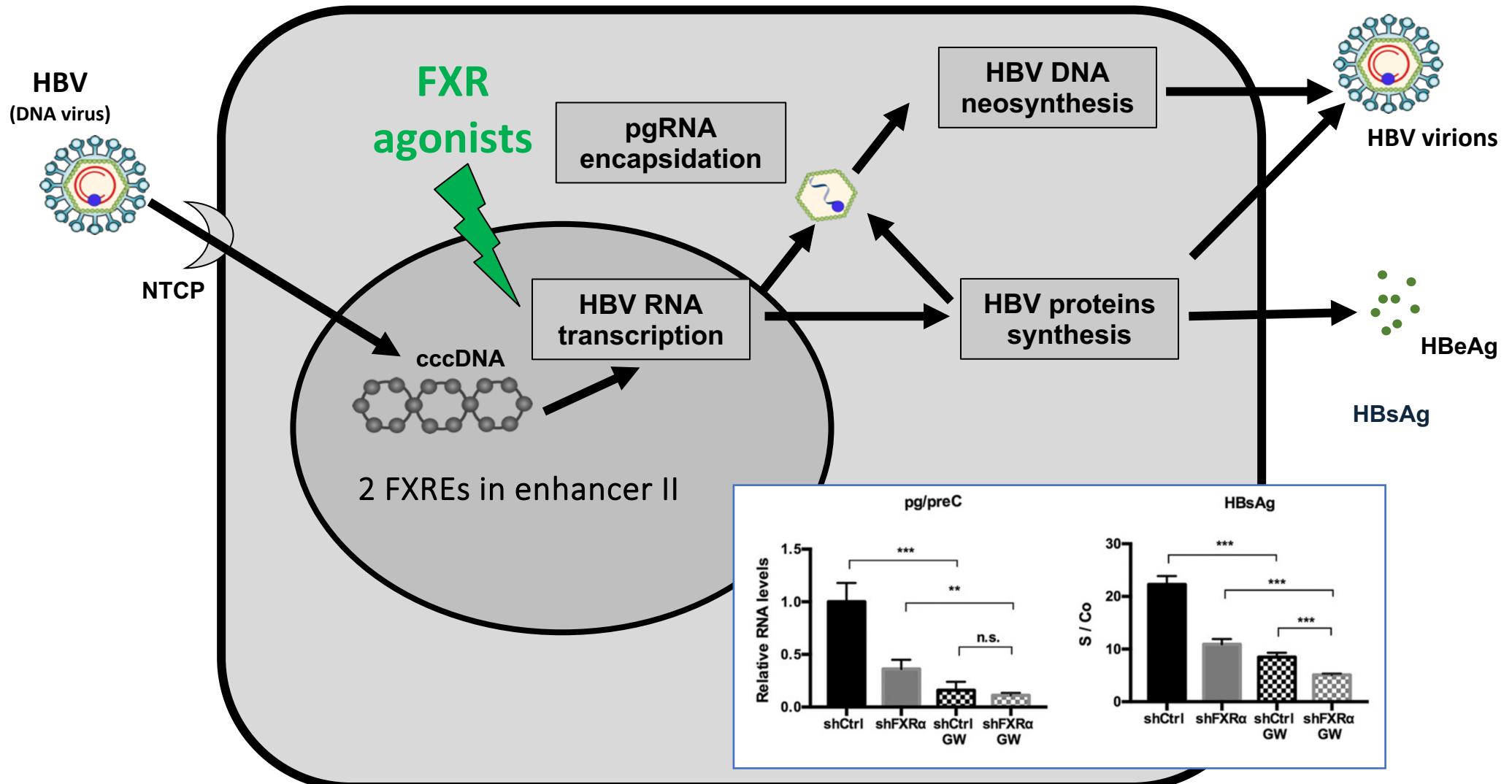
NASH (2017, phase 3 - not approved in 2023)

Biliary Atresia (2024, Phase 2-3)

HBV replication cycle



FXR could bind the cccDNA, its agonisation inhibits cccDNA transcription

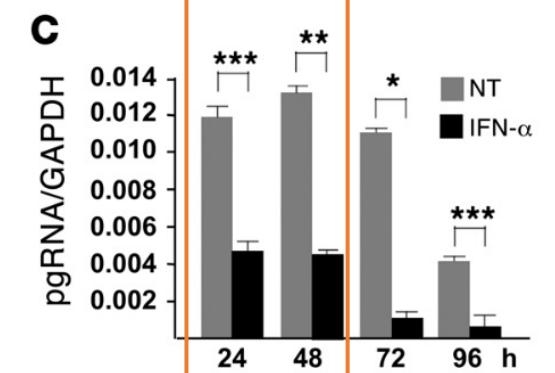
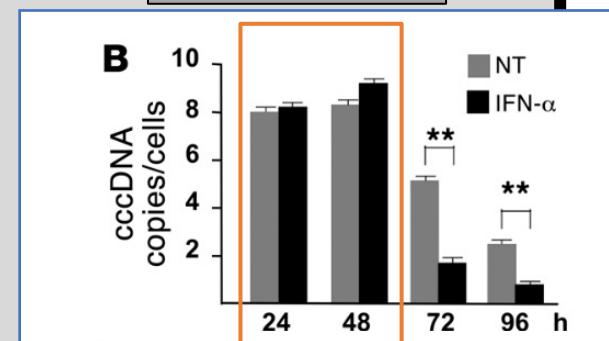
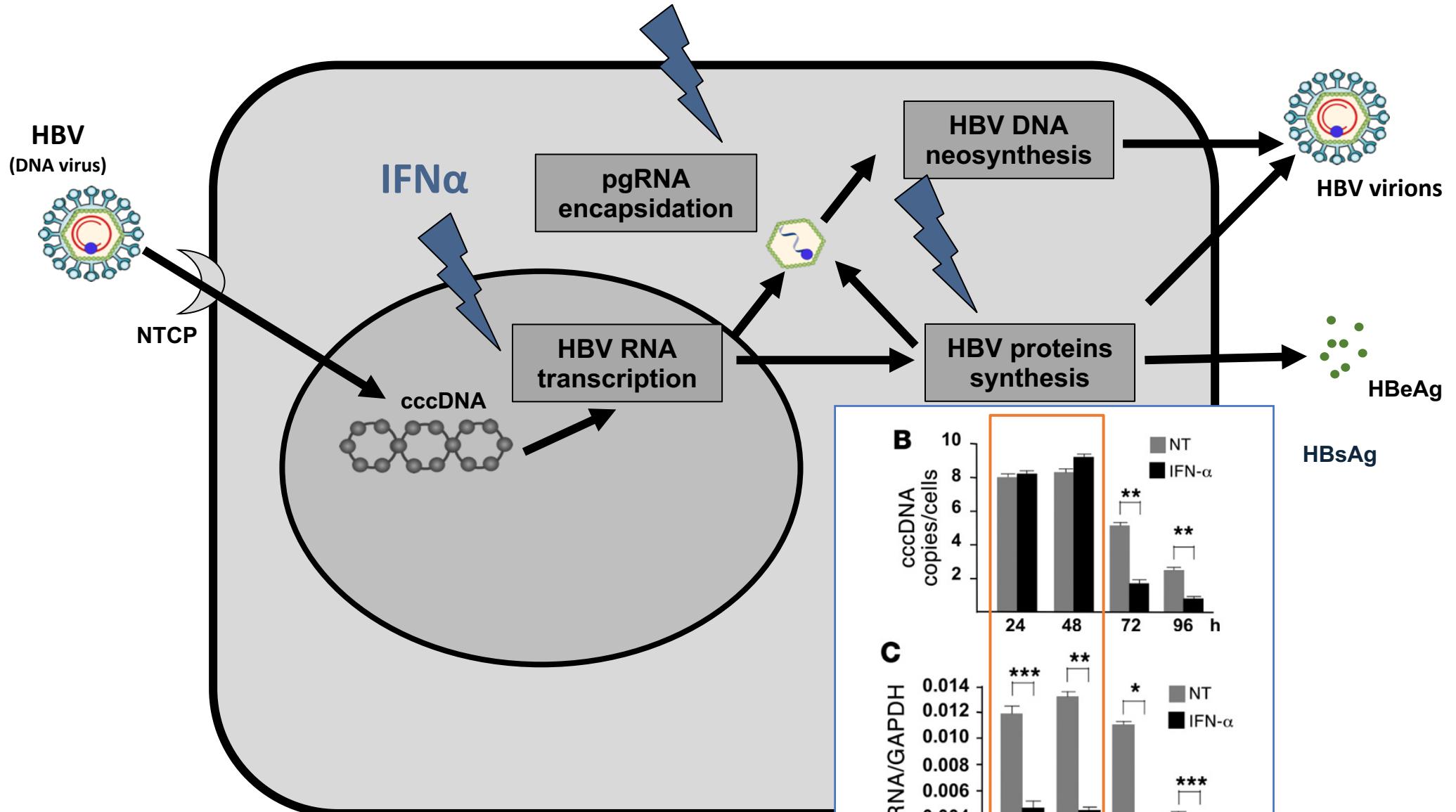


Ramière C, et al., Transactivation of the hepatitis B virus core promoter by the nuclear receptor FXR α . J Virol. 2008

Mouzannar K, et al., Farnesoid X receptor- α is a proviral host factor for hepatitis B virus that is inhibited by ligands in vitro and in vivo. FASEB J. 2019 Feb

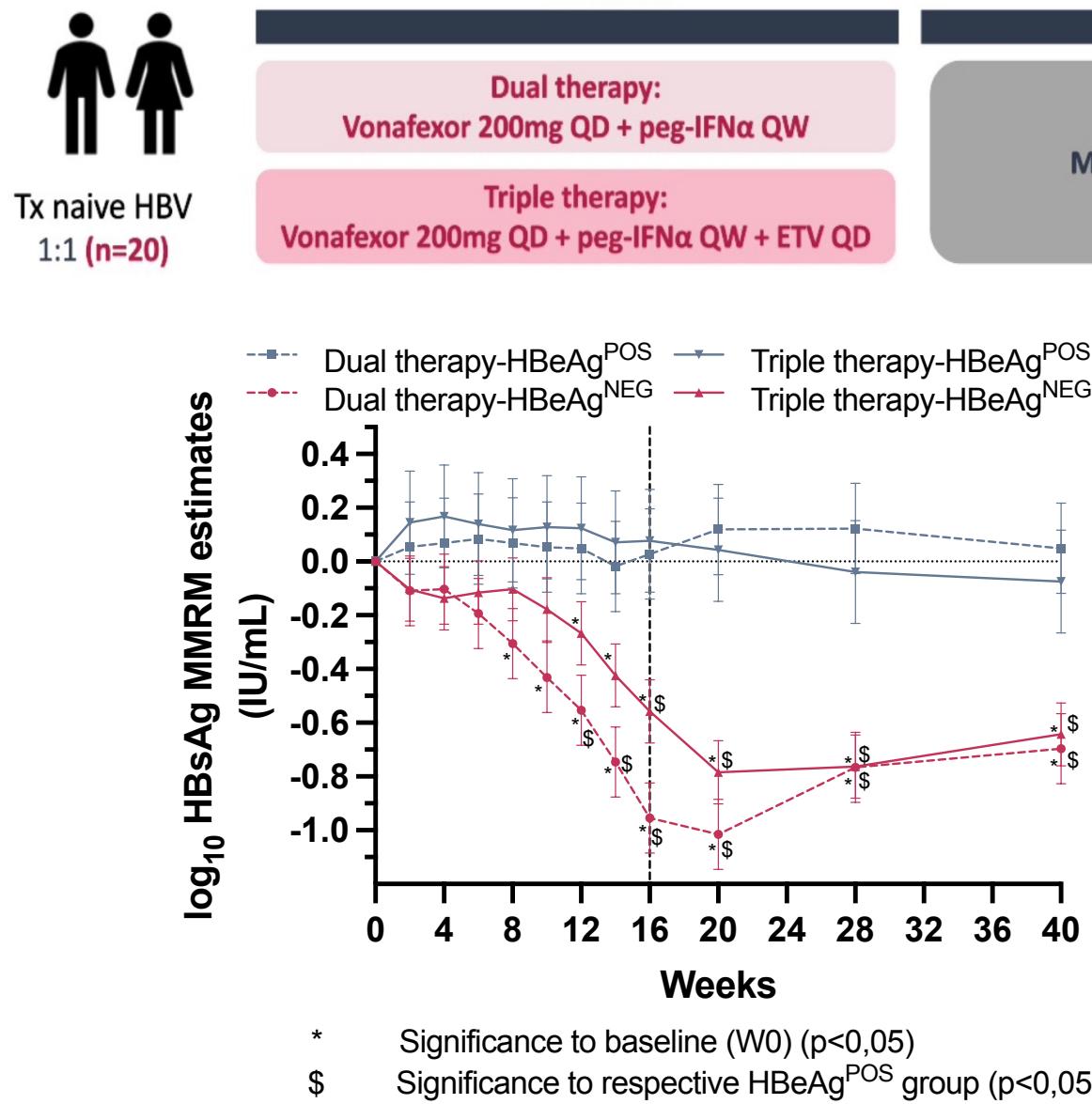
Barnault R, et al., in preparation

IFN α downregulates cccDNA transcription



Belloni L, et al., IFN α inhibits HBV transcription and replication in cell culture and in humanized mice by targeting the epigenetic regulation of the nuclear cccDNA minichromosome. J Clin Invest. 2012 Feb
Barnault R, et al., in preparation

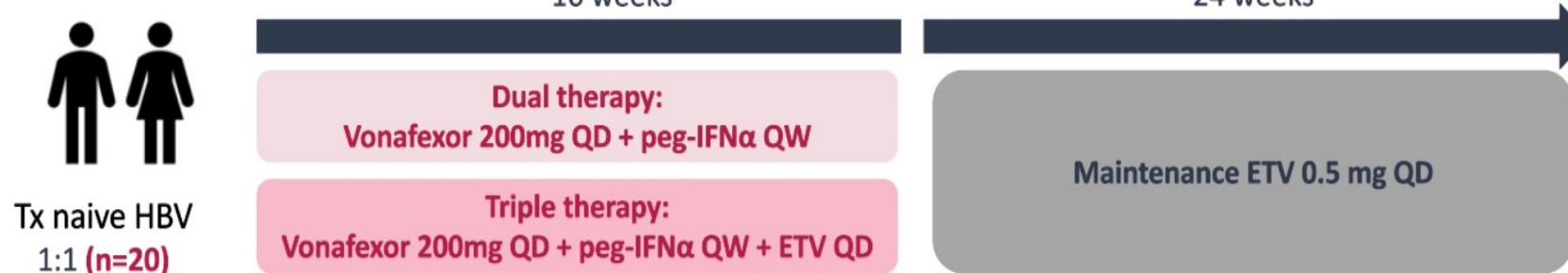
Vonafexor & IFN α combination in an open-label phase 2 clinical trial



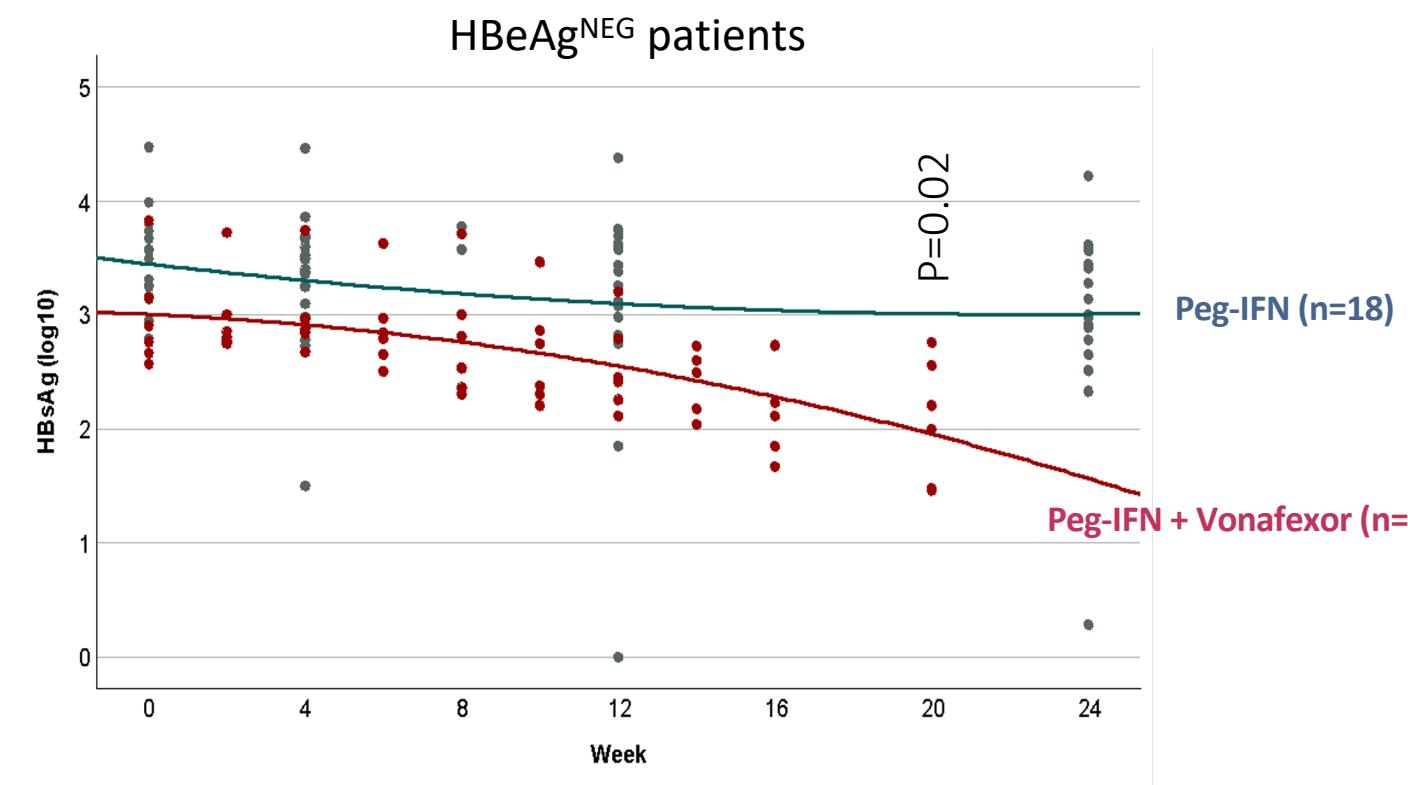
Number of patients	HBeAg NEG	HBeAg POS
Dual-therapy	n=6	n=4
Triple therapy	n=7	n=3
Peg-IFN α (external control)	n=18	n=53

- HBsAg downregulation by 1 Log₁₀ in HBeAg NEG patients with dual therapy
- Long lasting effect with no return at baseline
- No toxicity / side effects

Vonafexor & IFN α combination in an open-label phase 2 clinical trial

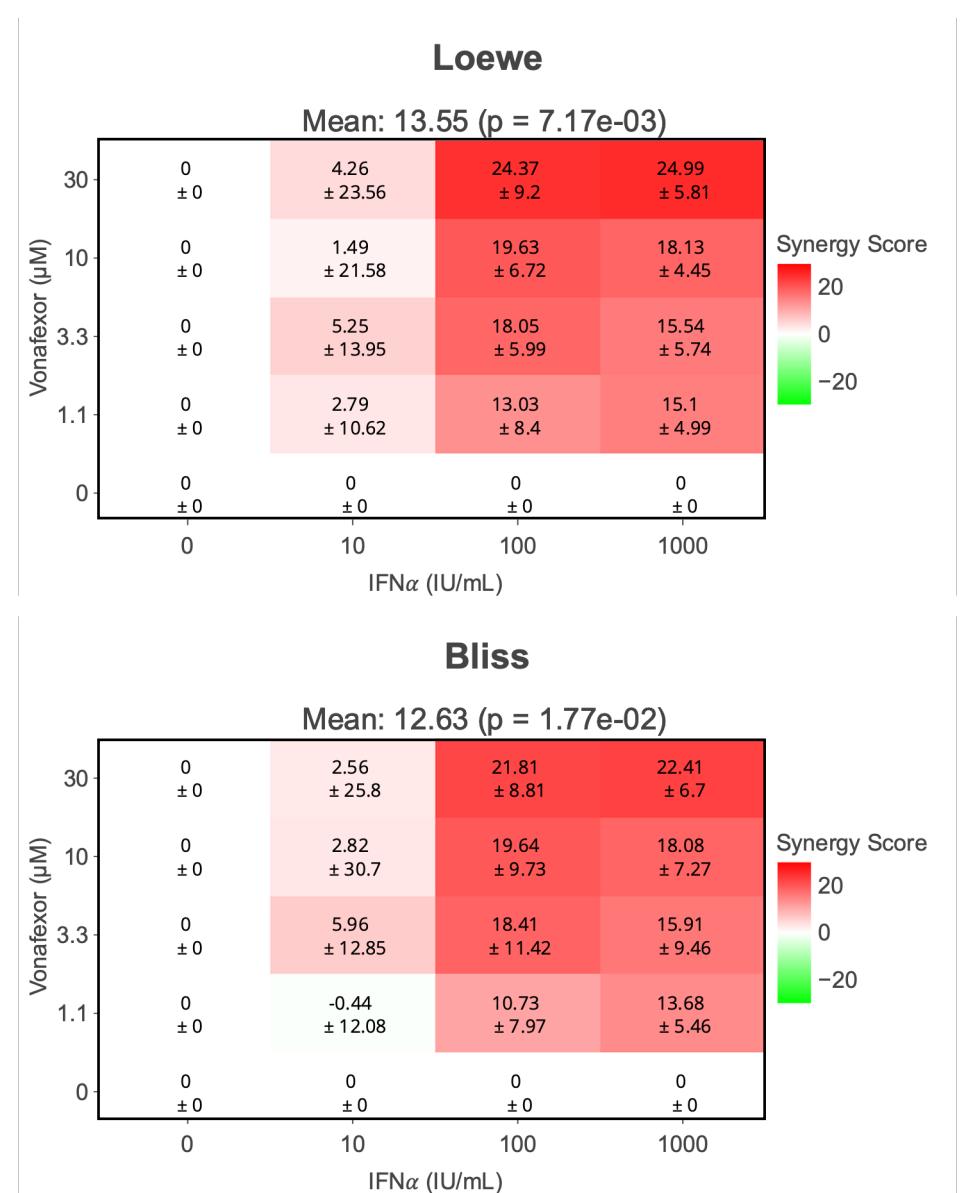
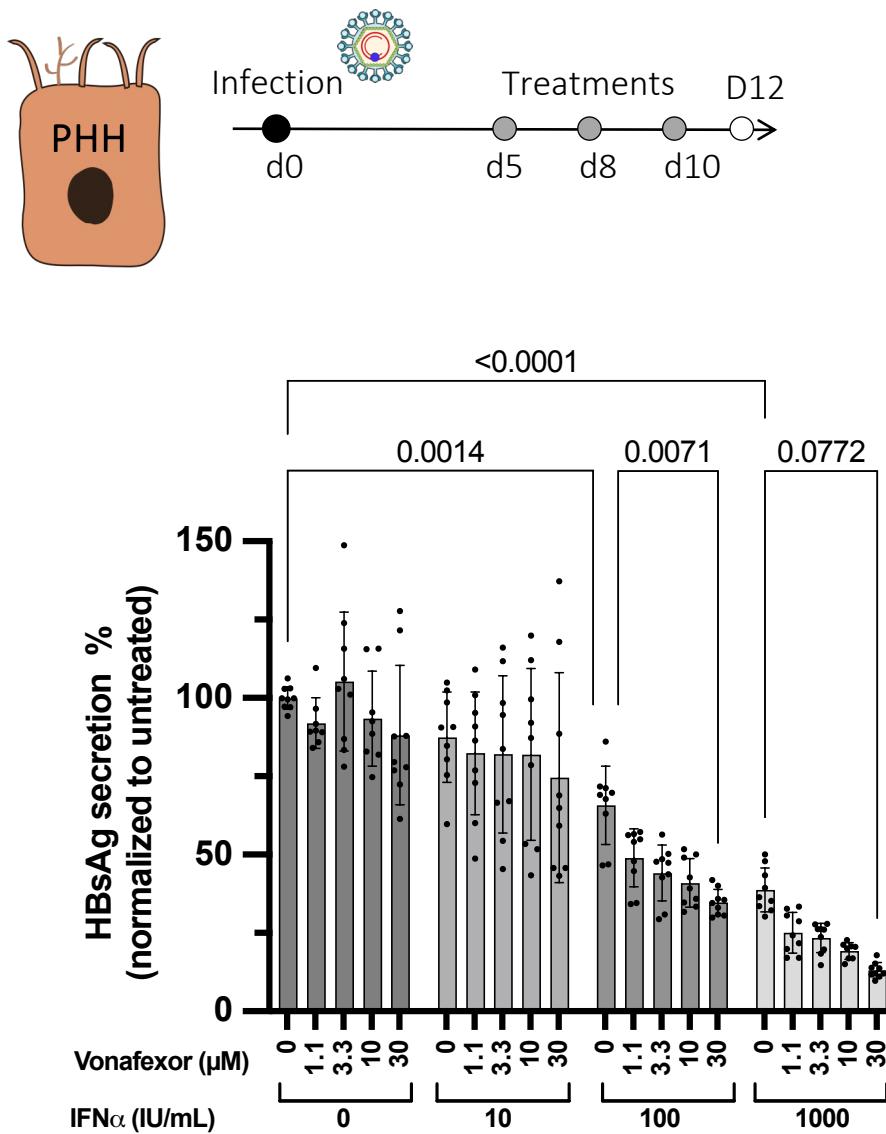


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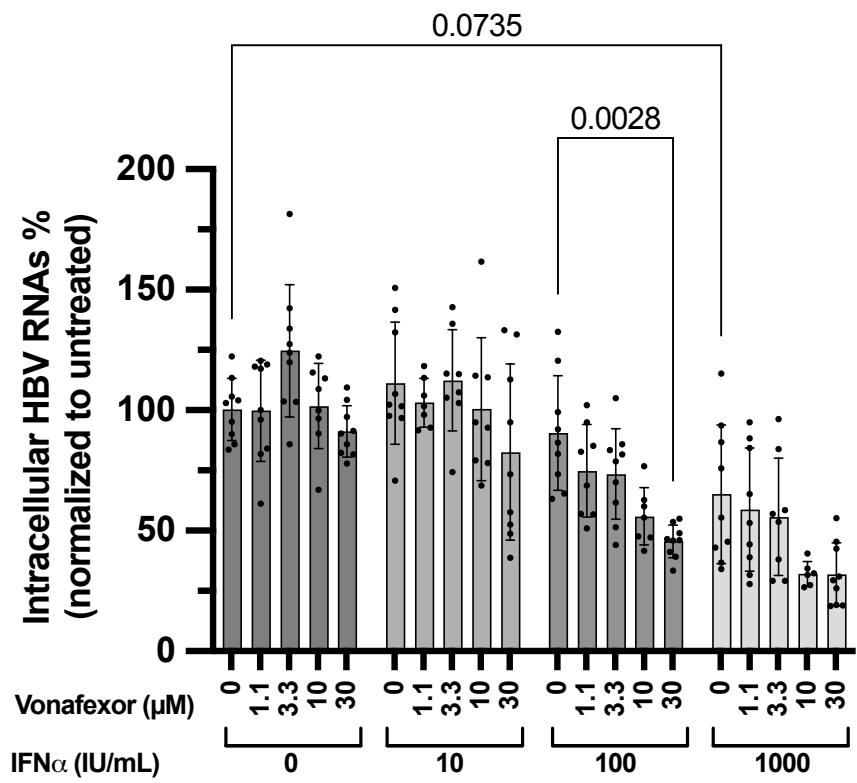
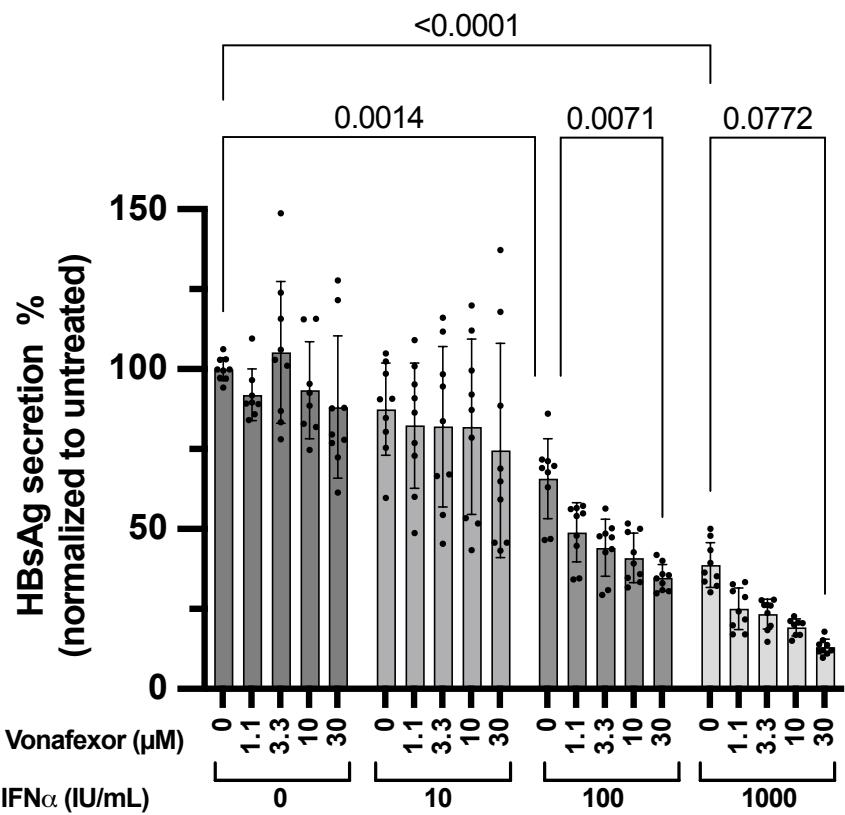
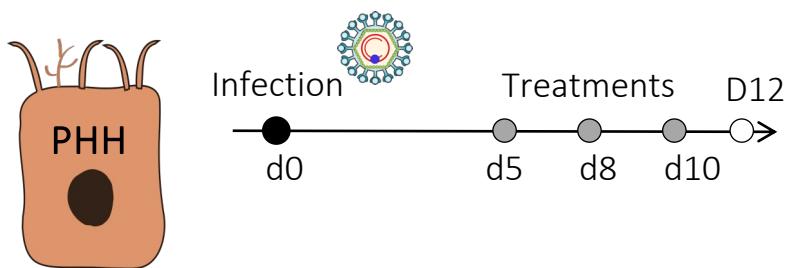


- At week 20, the $-1 \log_{10}$ difference between cohorts is significant, favoring IFN+Vonafexor

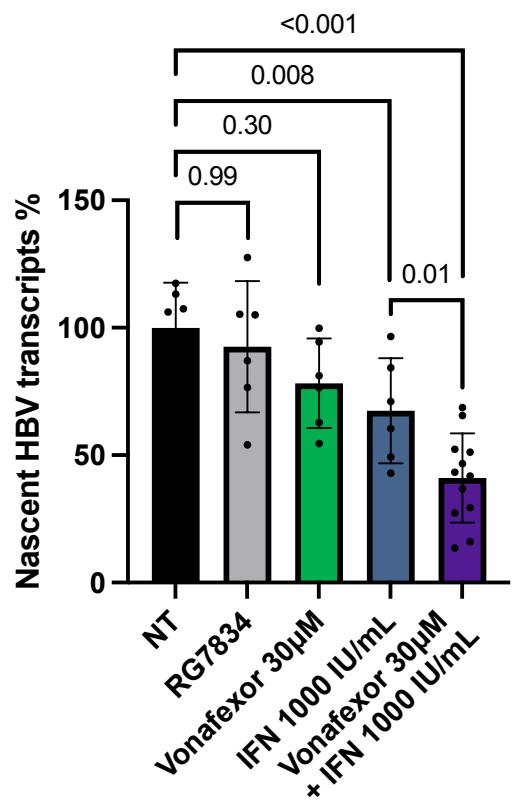
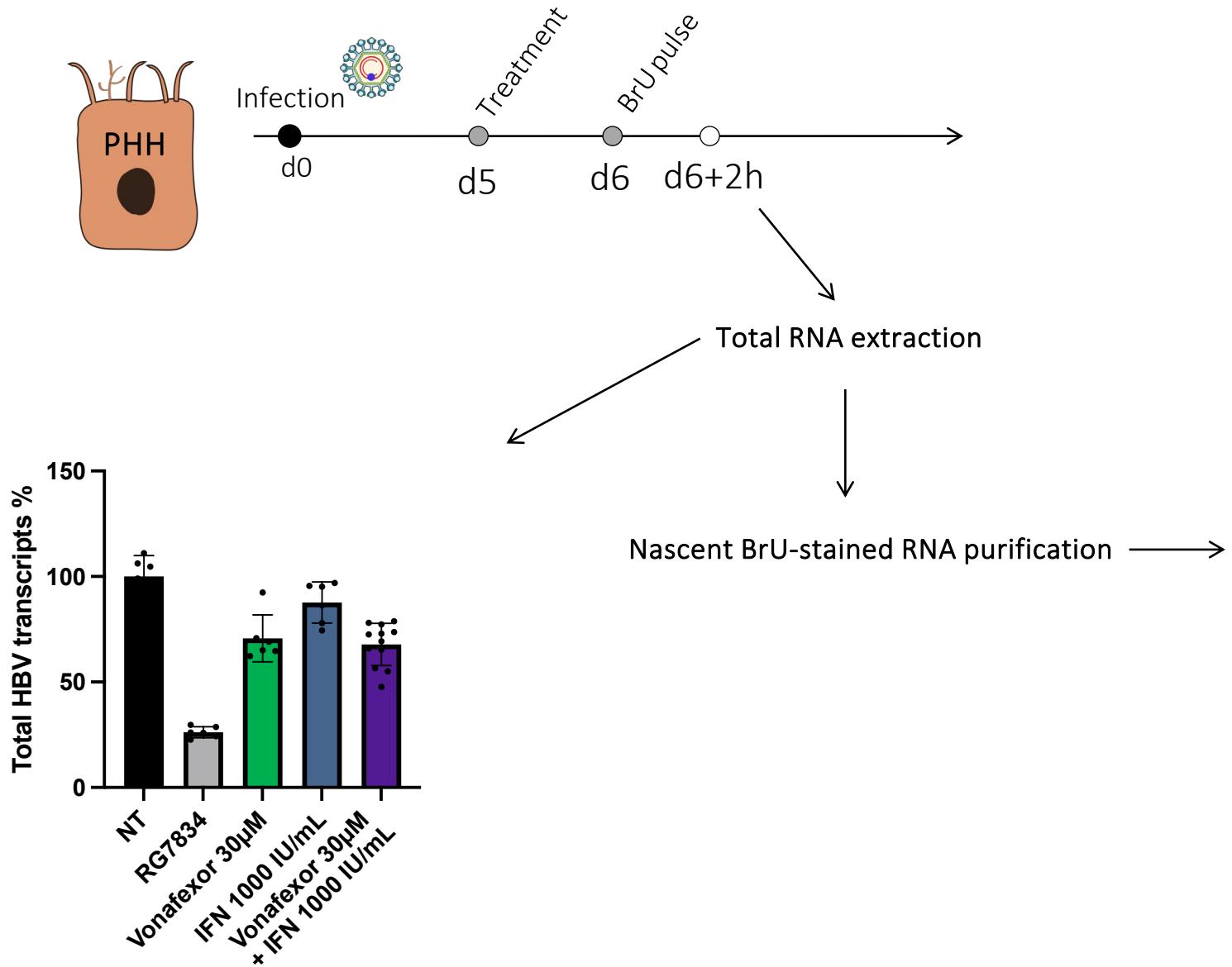
Vonafexor-IFN α combination synergistically inhibits HBsAg secretion in PHH



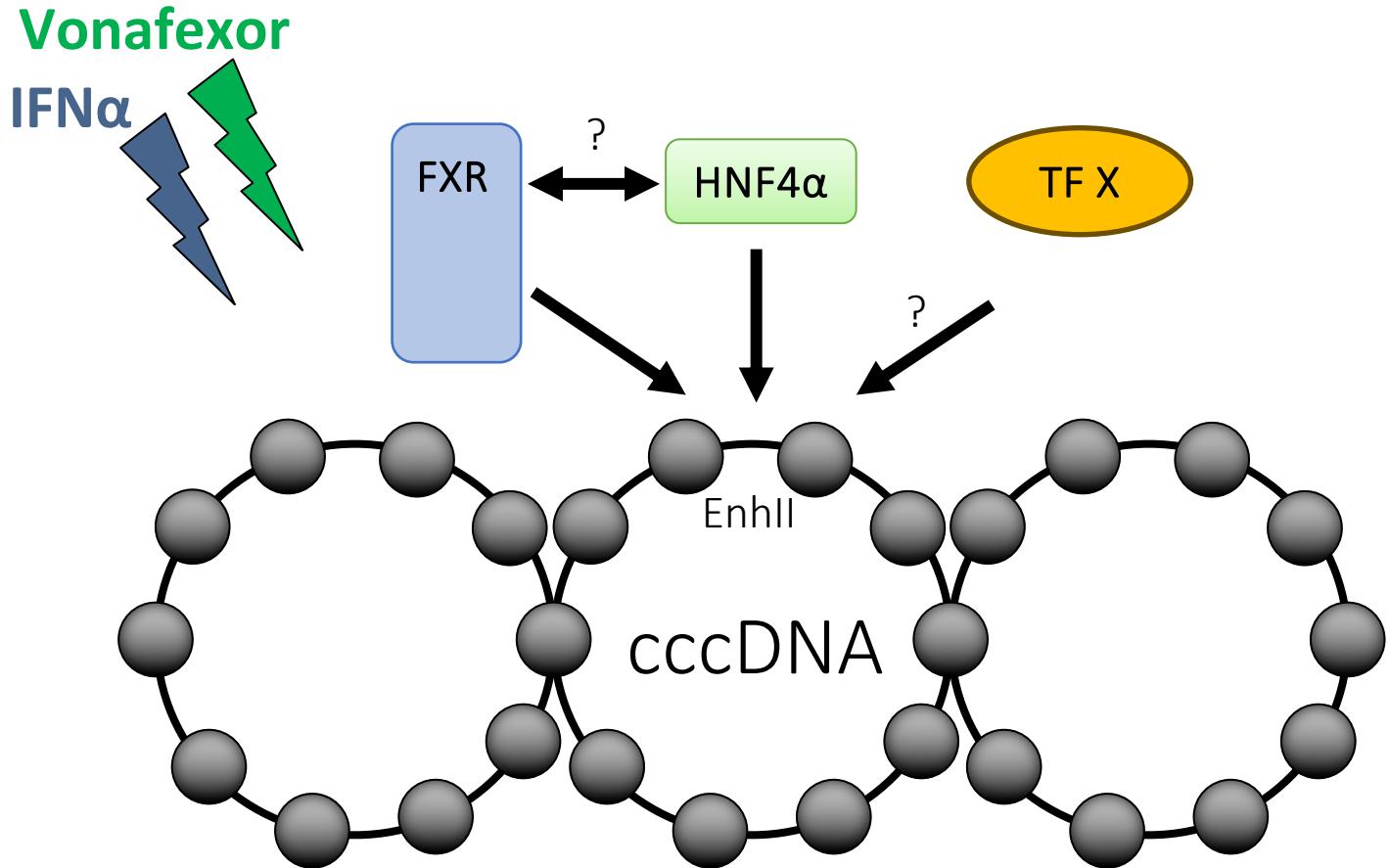
HBsAg secretion downregulation is correlated with HBV RNA downregulation

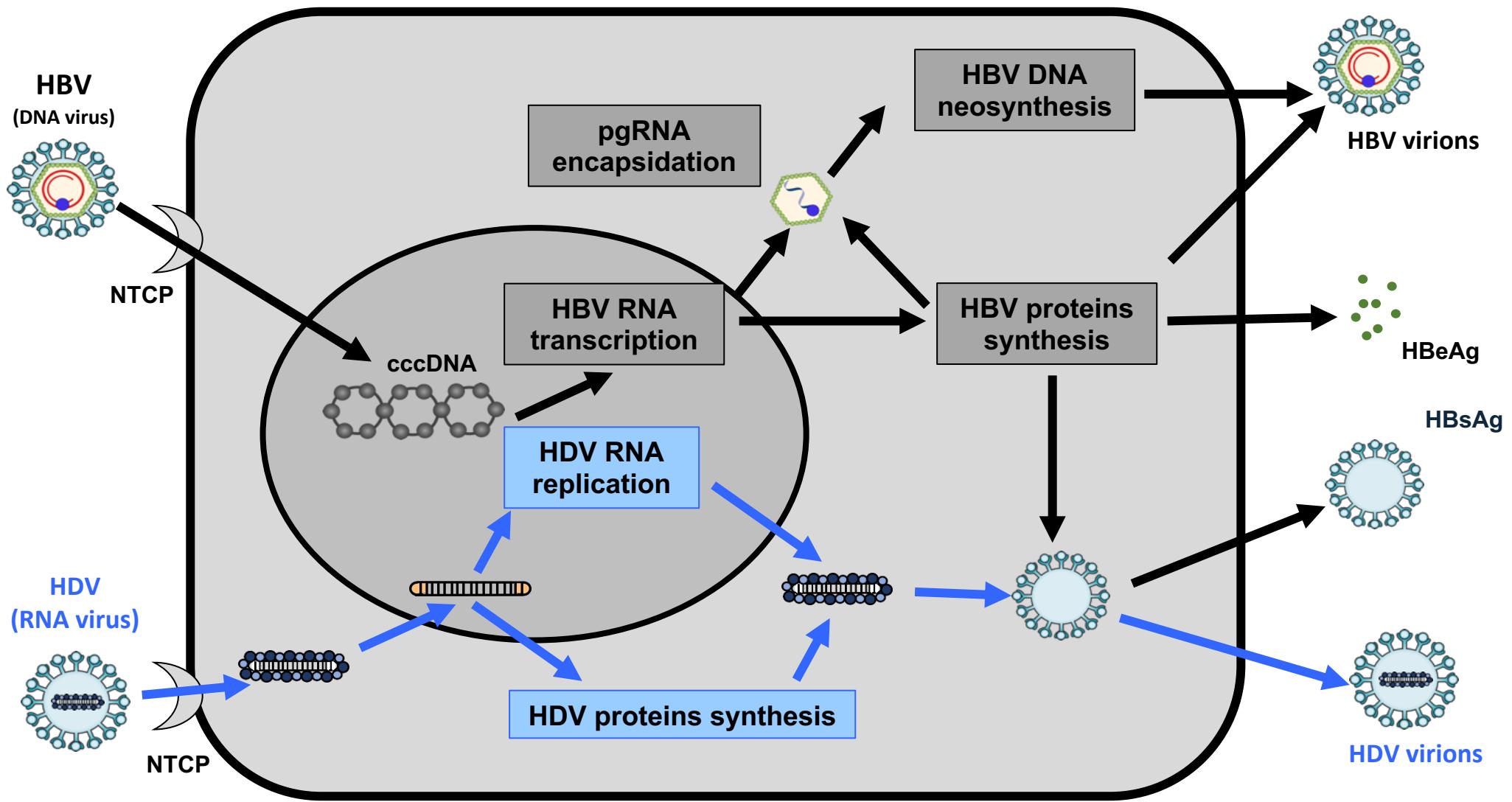


Vonafexor-IFN α combination inhibits cccDNA transcription

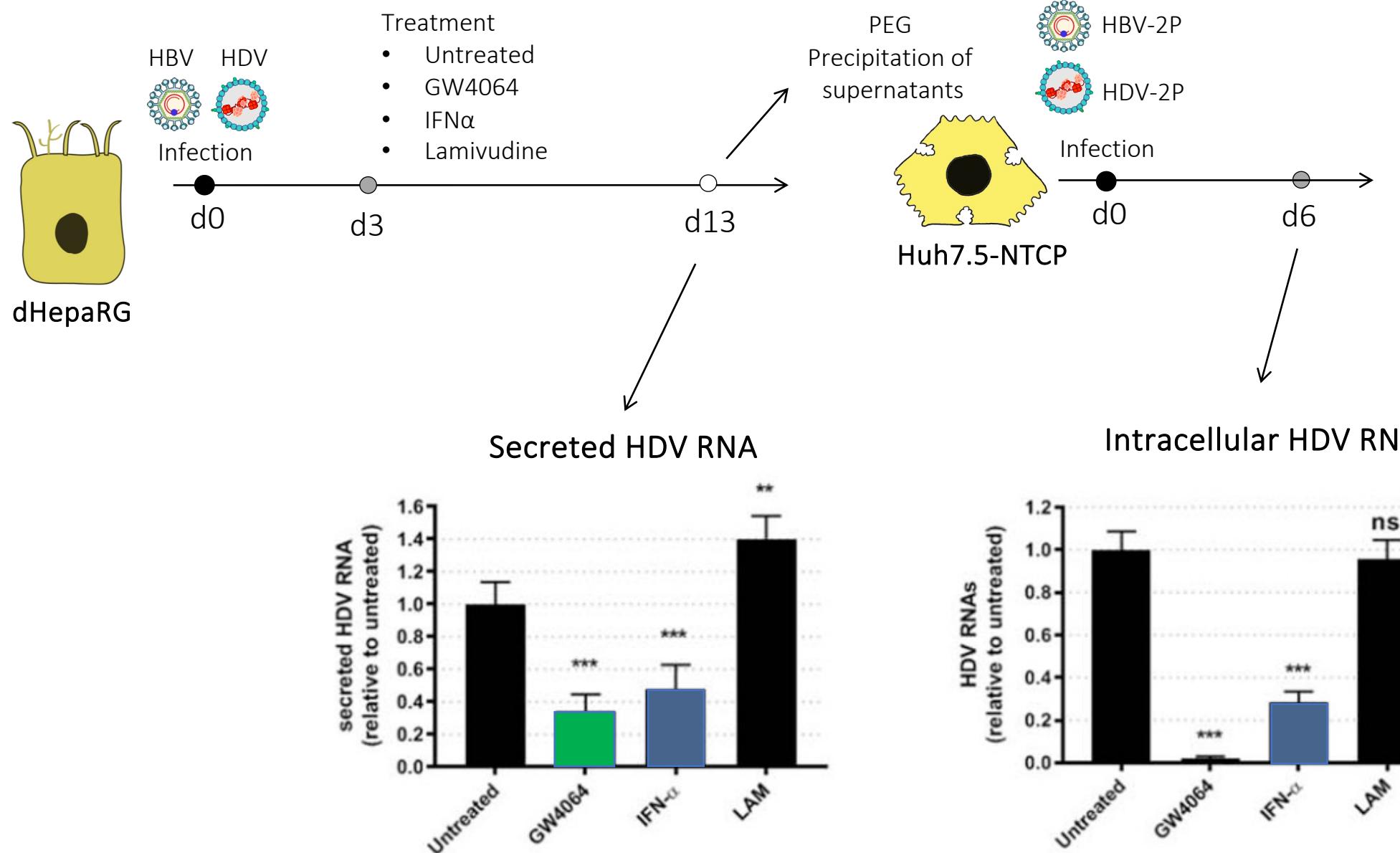


Competition between different transcription factors could explain transcription inhibition

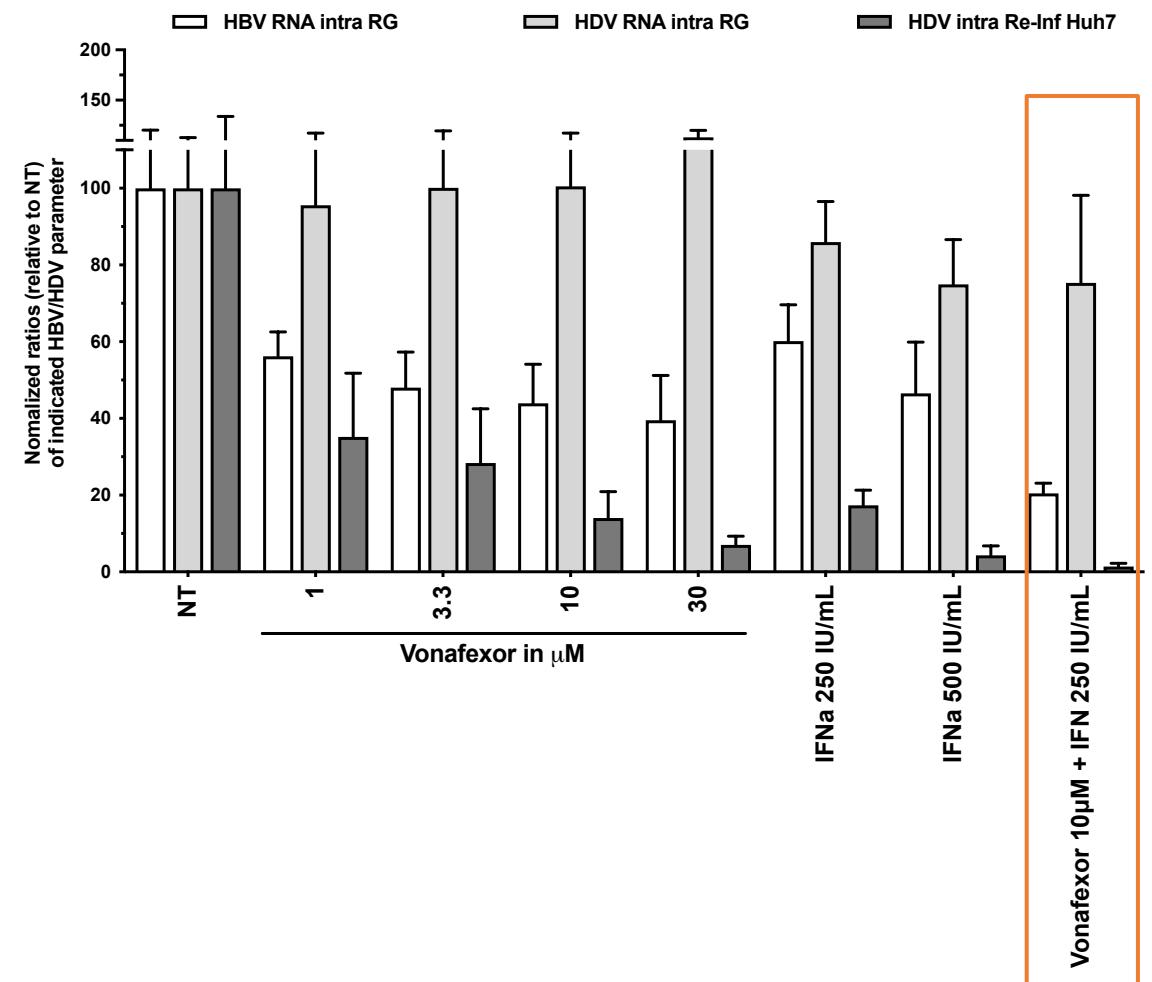
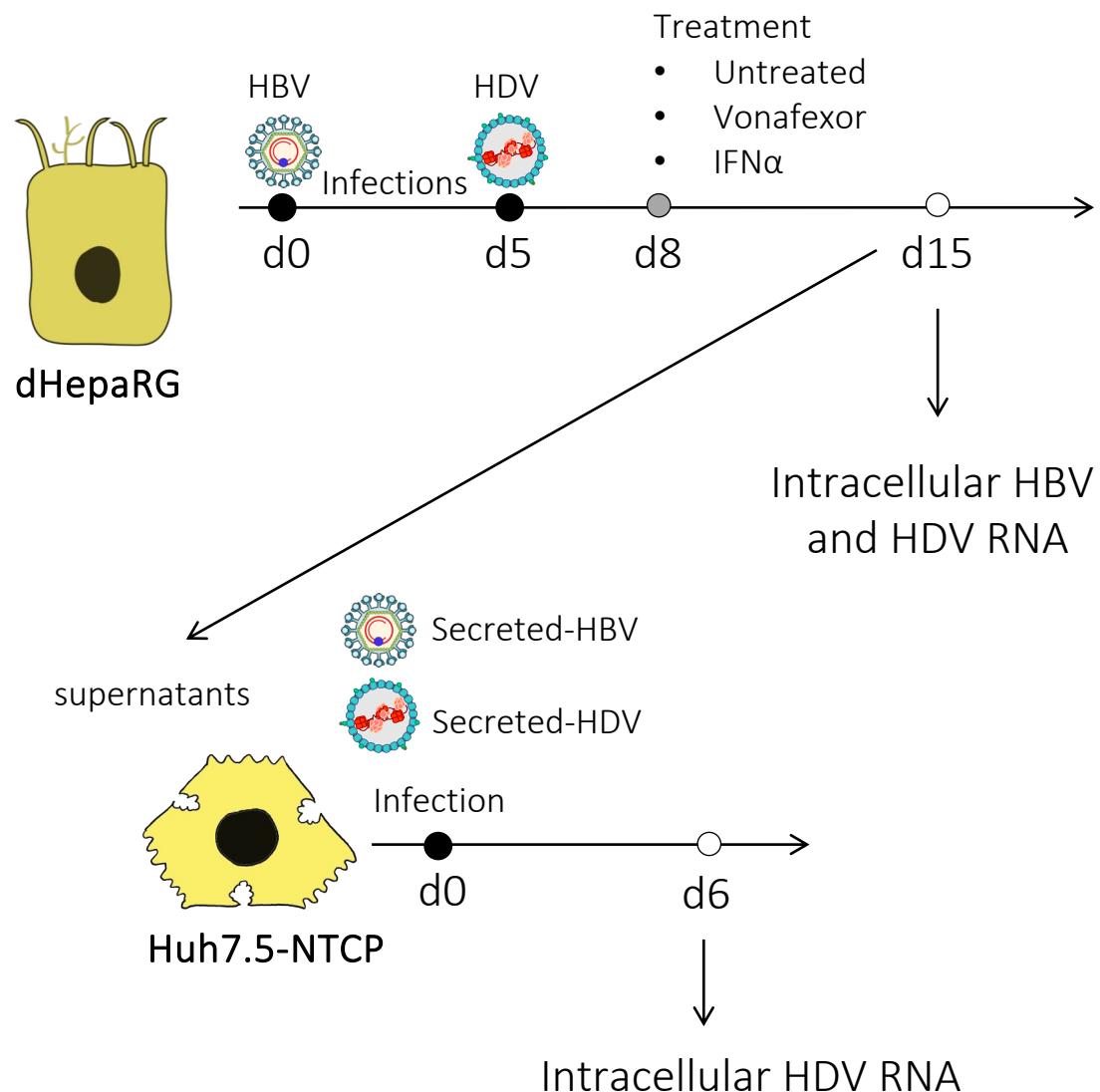




HDV particles specific-infectivity inhibited by FXR ligand GW4064

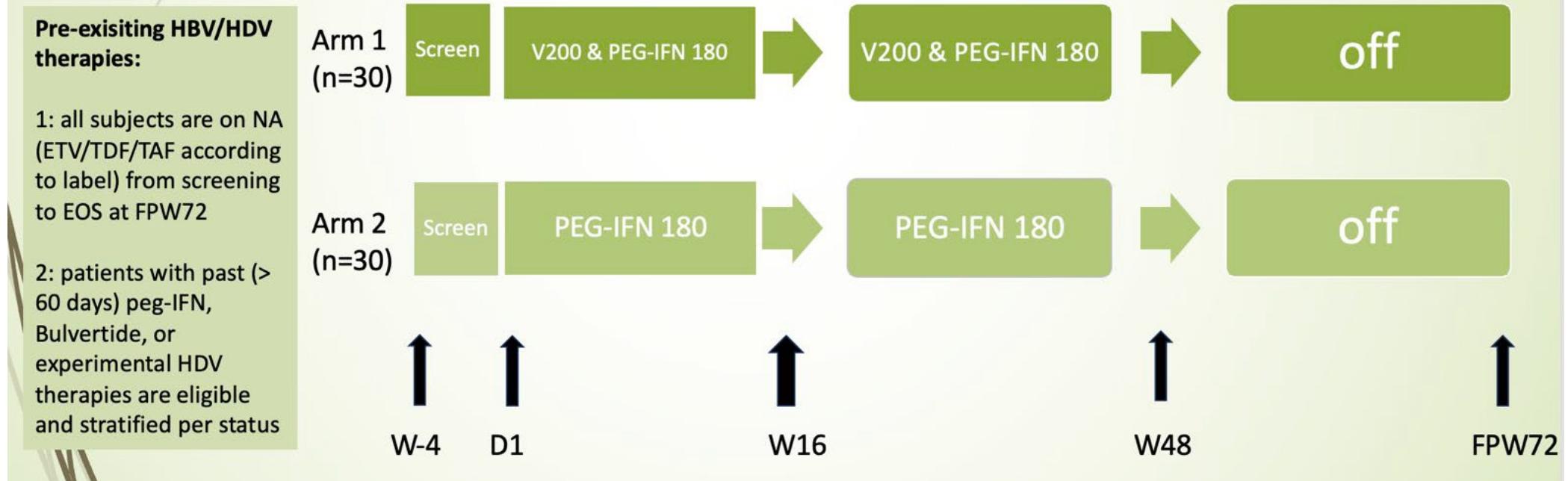


Vonafexor combined with IFN α impairs HDV reinfection



Clinical trial in chronic hepatitis D patients to start?

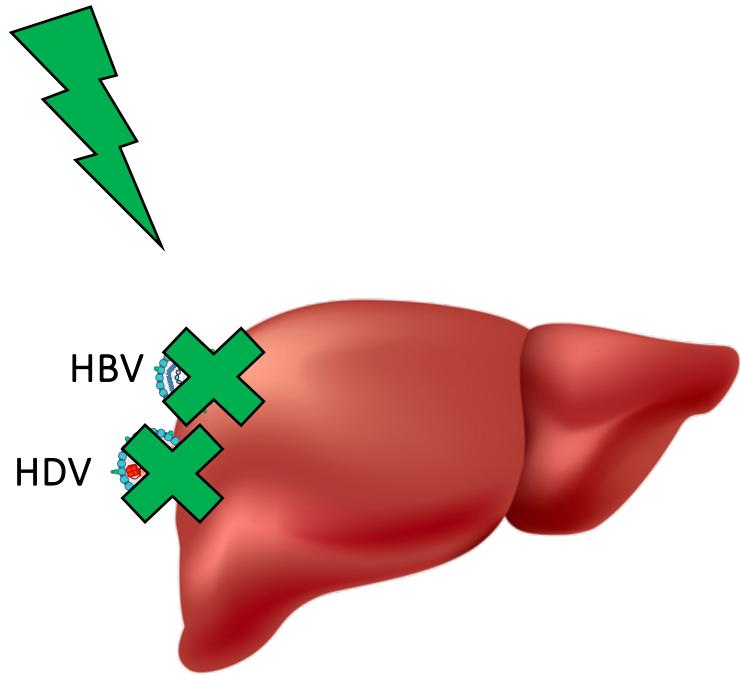
Open label, single country, multisite, two arm, randomised (1:1) phase 2 trial in CHD patients, stratified per past HDV therapy. The bi-therapy of Vonafexor on top of SOC peg-IFN compares to SOC peg-IFN alone. The study is powered at 90% to detect a 40% responder rate difference on the primary endpoint: HDV viral load decline > 2log10 from baseline at W48.



- ✓ 60 CHD patients to be enrolled and treated with Vonafexor +/- Peg-IFNa
- ✓ Grant application at ANRS AO-2 2024 CSS13 submitted in March 2024
 - ✓ In kind contribution by Enyo
- ✓ Coordination of the trial: Pr Tarik Asselah (Beaujon Hospital, Paris)

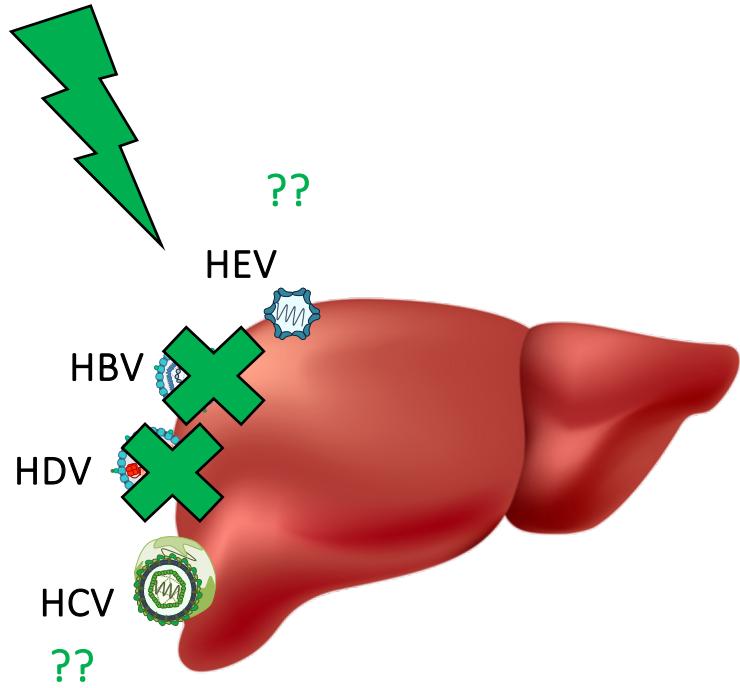
FXR ligands are efficient to limit HBV and HDV infections

FRX Ligands



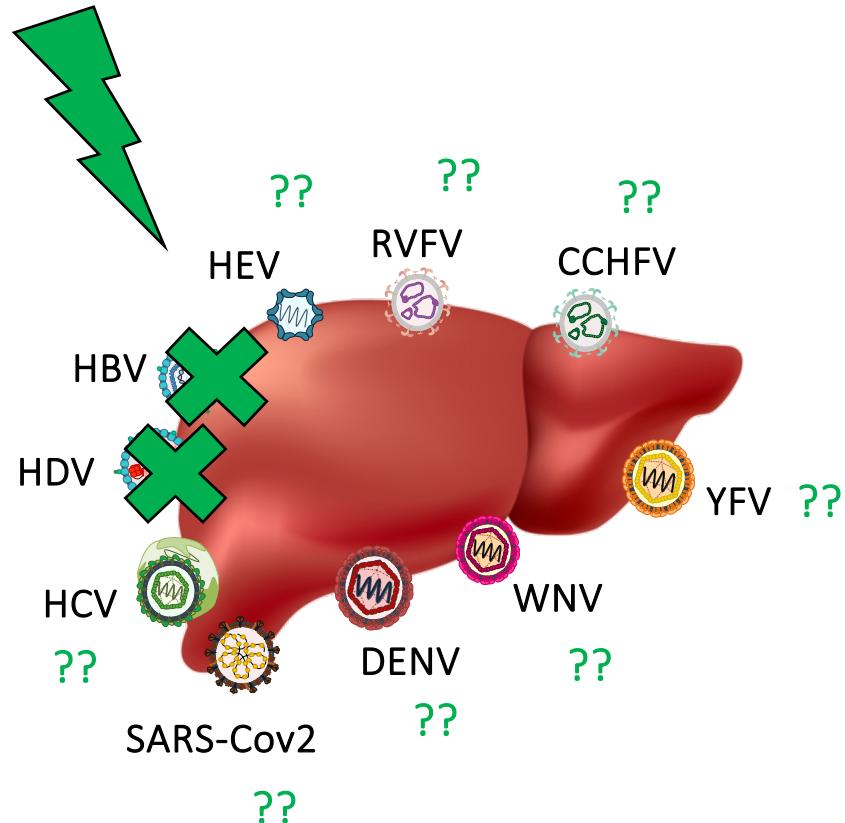
Broad spectrum antiviral activity of FXR-ligand against hepatotropic viruses?

FRX Ligands



Broad spectrum antiviral activity of FXR-ligand against hepatotropic viruses?

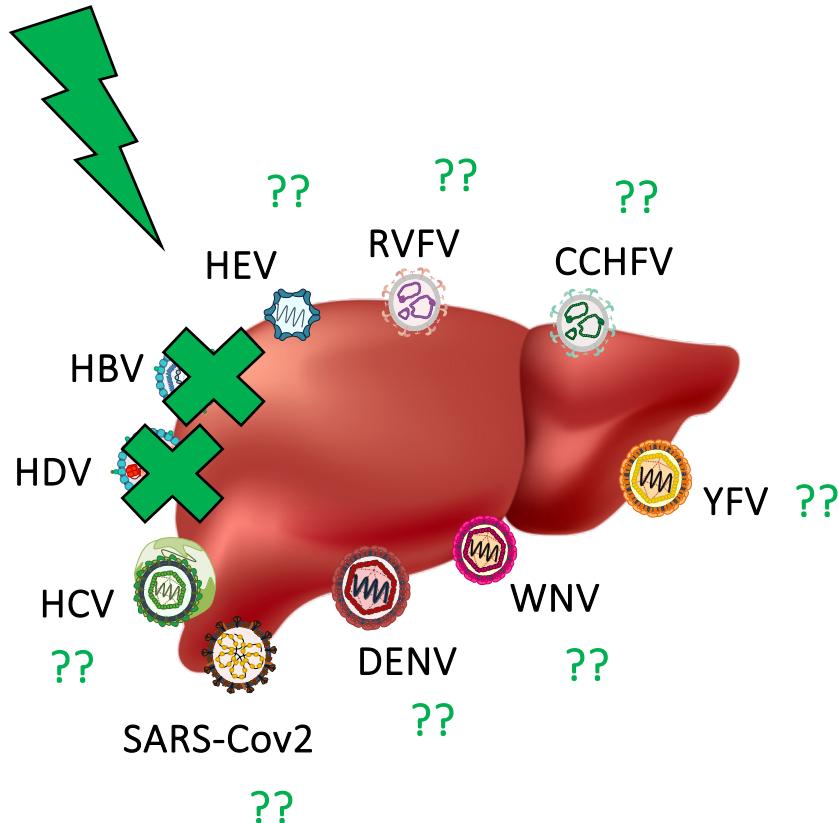
FRX Ligands



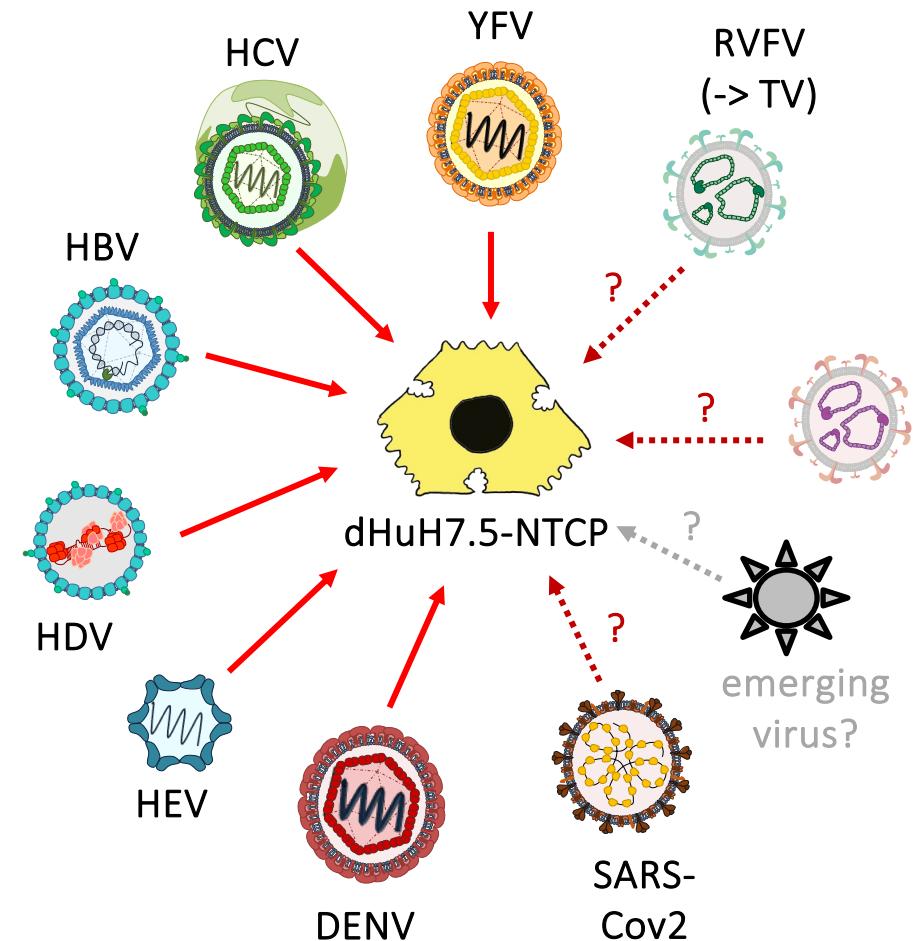
Broad spectrum antiviral activity of FXR-ligand against hepatotropic viruses?



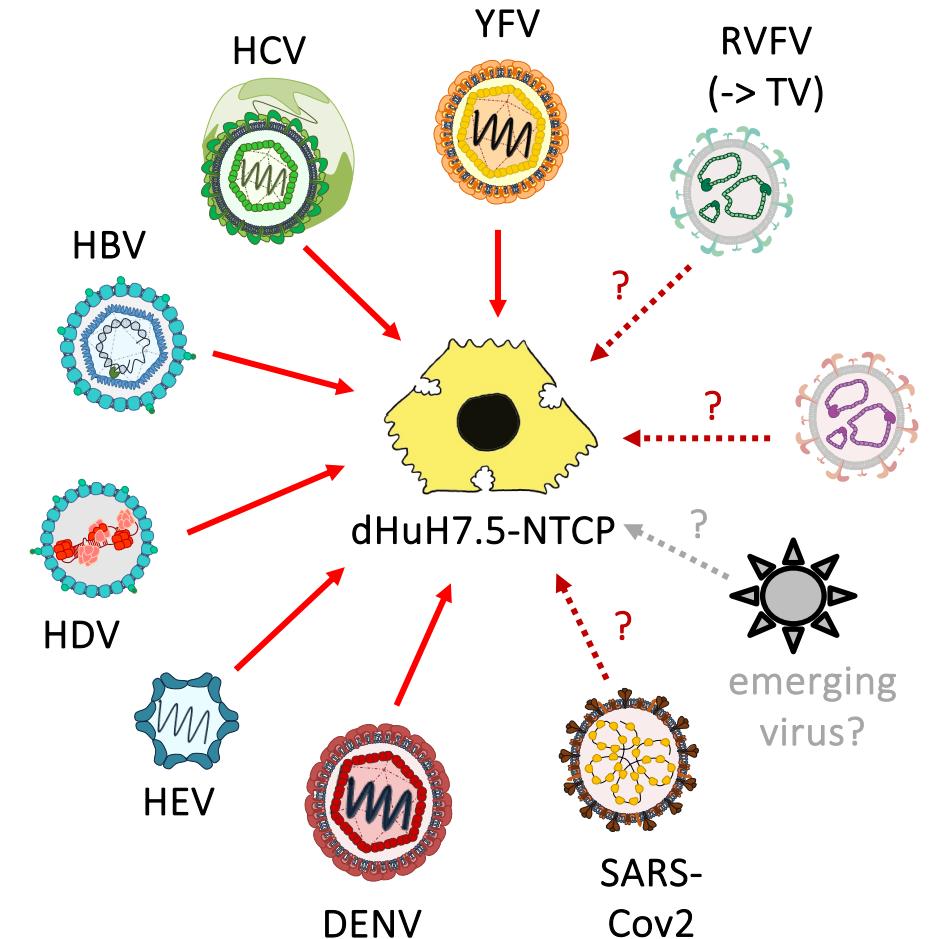
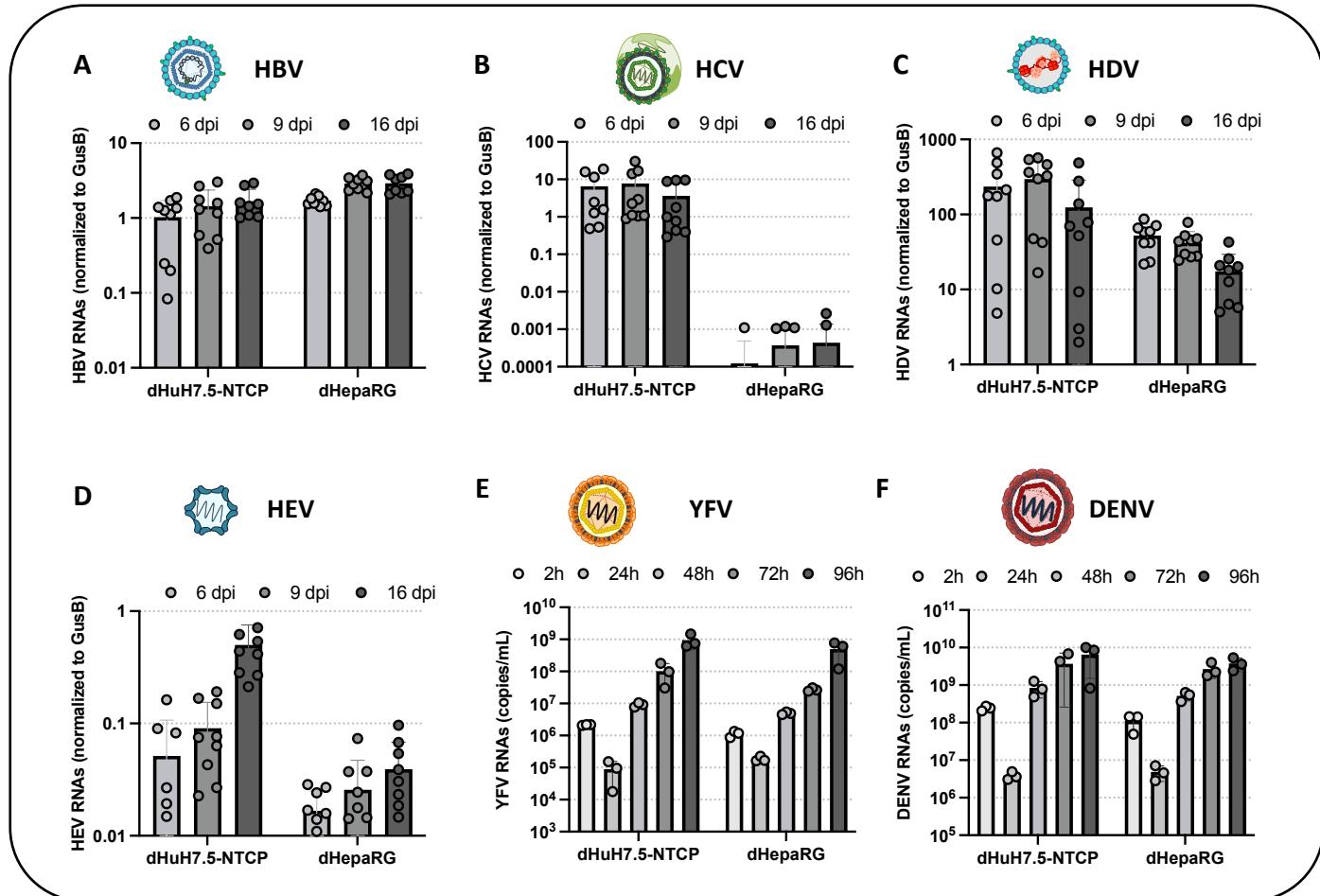
FRX Ligands



Development of a unique
cell line allowing infection
with all hepatotropic viruses



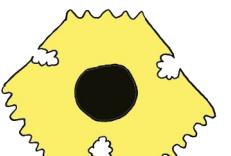
Development of a unique cell line allowing infection with all hepatotropic viruses



Collaboration with

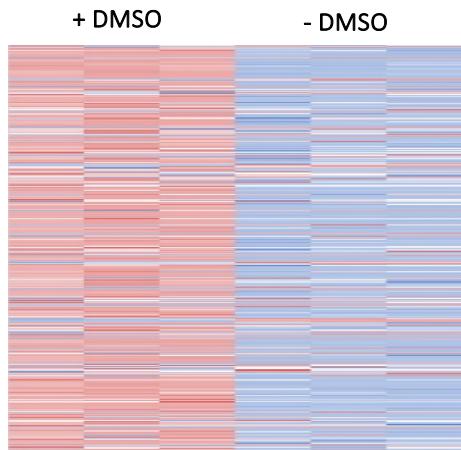


dHuH7.5-NTCP cells display key features of primary human hepatocytes

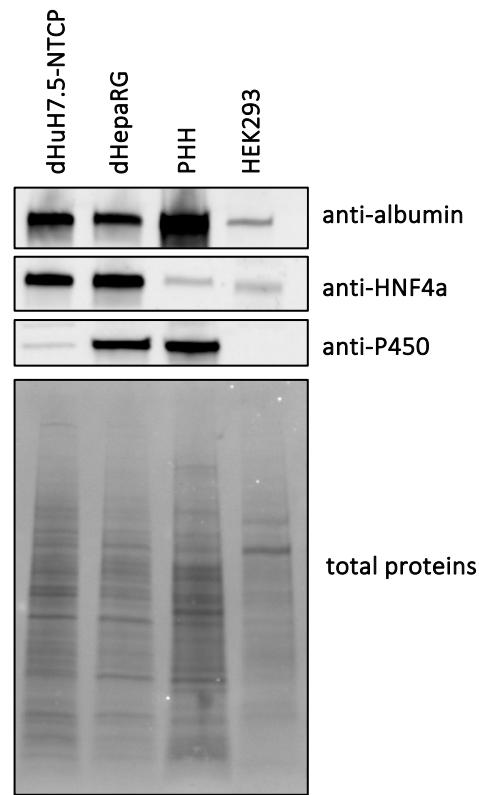


dHuH7.5-NTCP

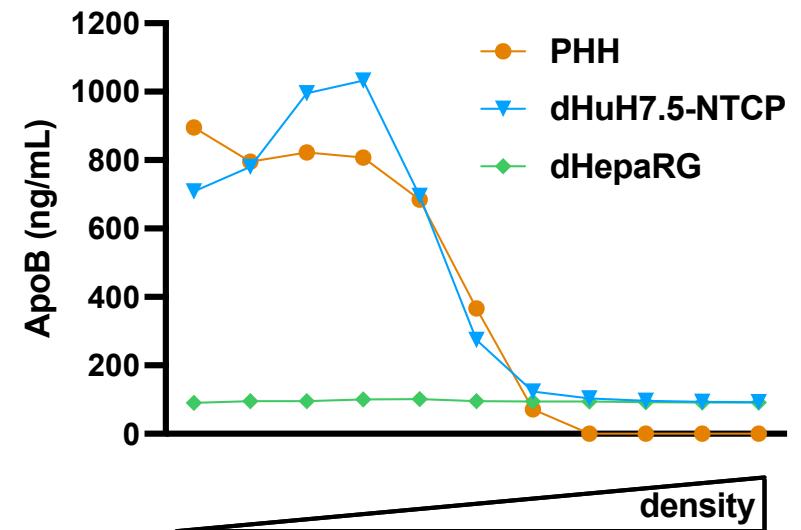
Liver specific genes expression



Liver specific protein expression



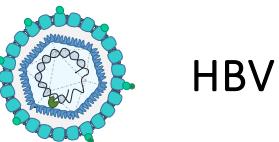
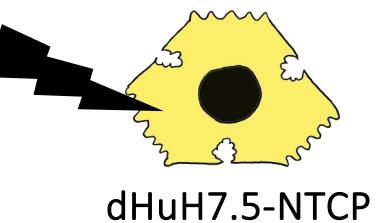
VLDL production



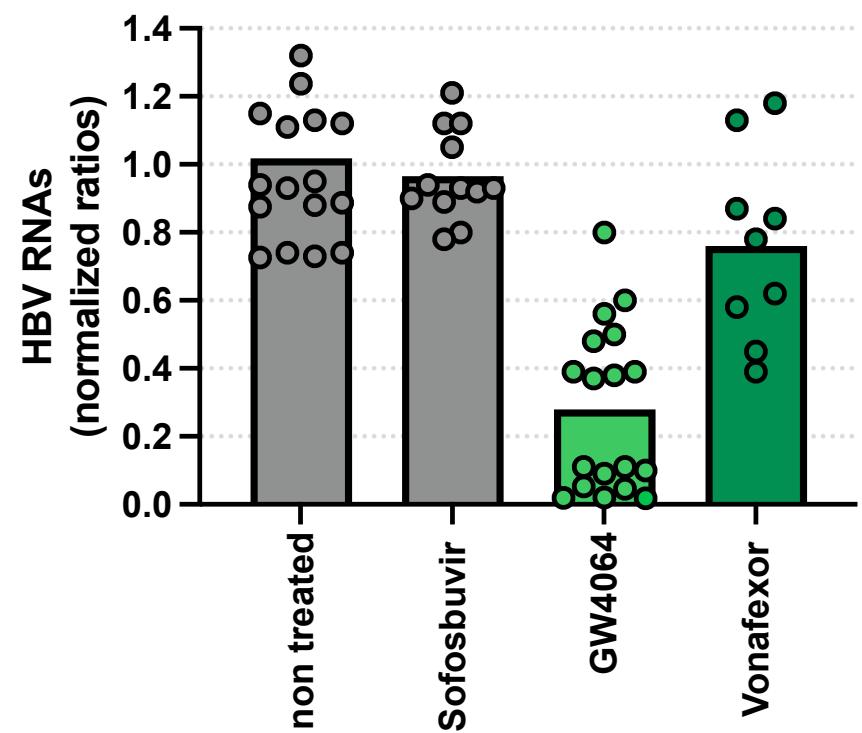
Confirmation of the antiviral effect of FXR ligands in HBV infected dHuH7.5-NTCP cells



treatments
for 10 days



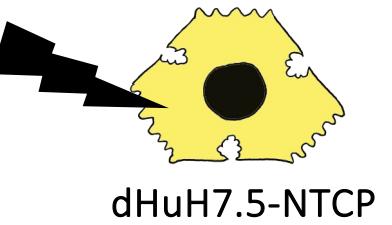
HBV



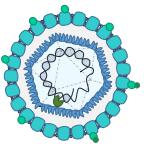
FXR ligands do not affect HCV infection in dHuH7.5-NTCP cells



treatments
for 10 days



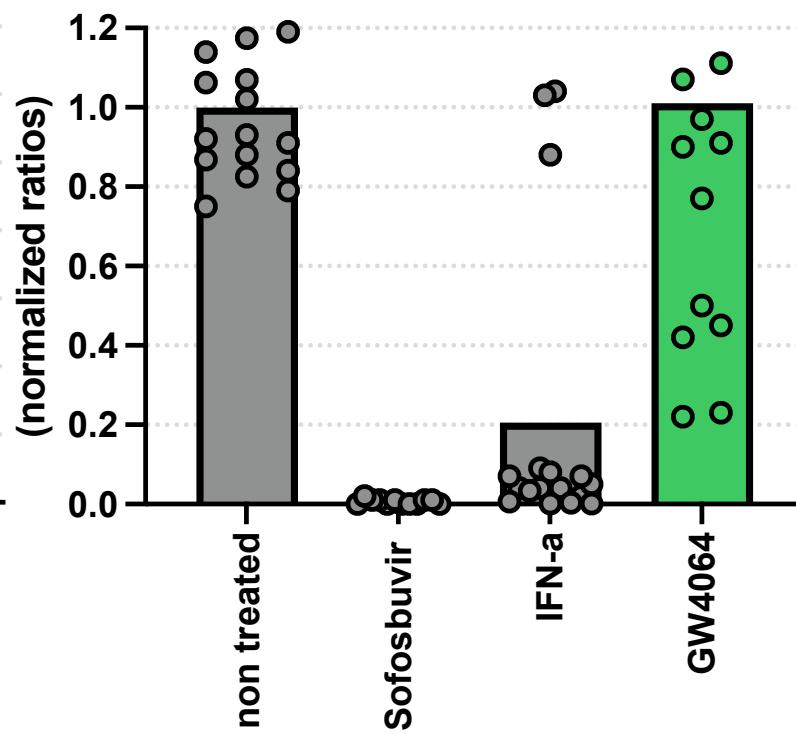
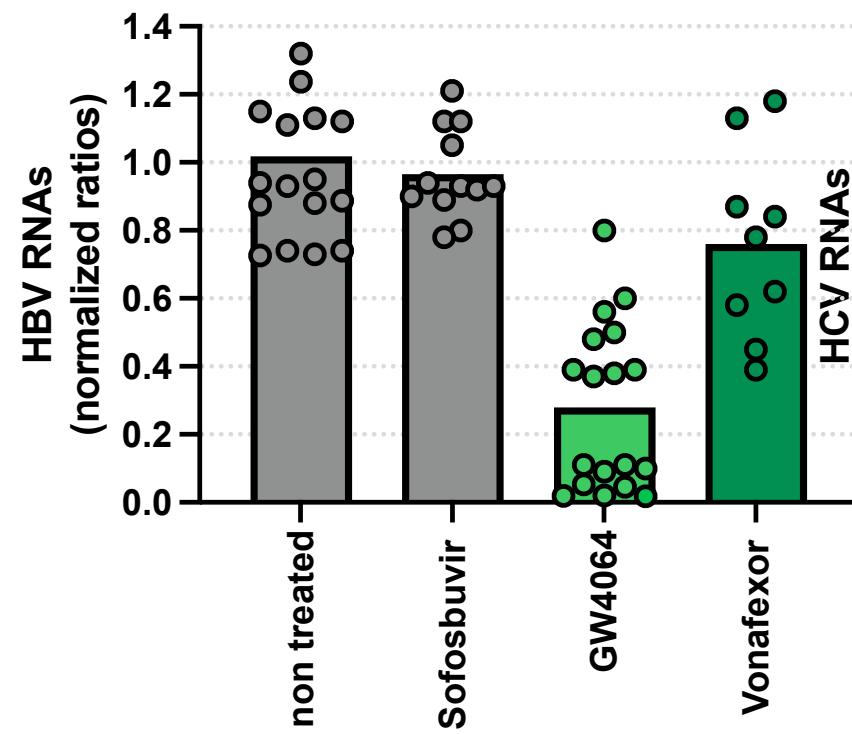
dHuH7.5-NTCP



HBV



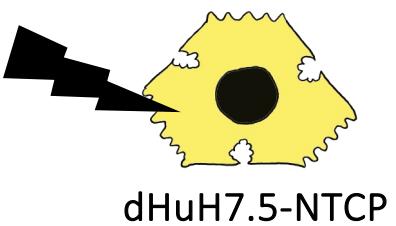
HCV



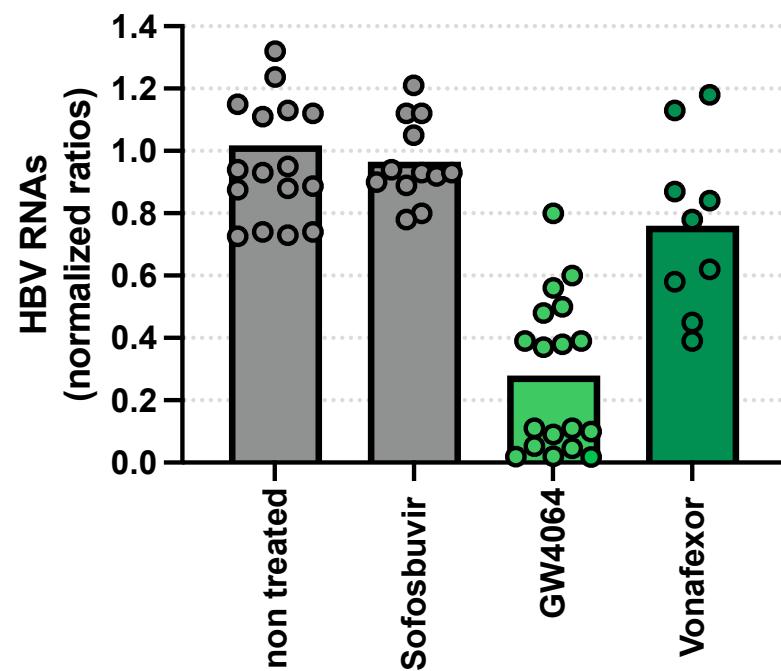
FXR ligands strongly inhibit HEV-3 infection in infected dHuH7.5-NTCP cells



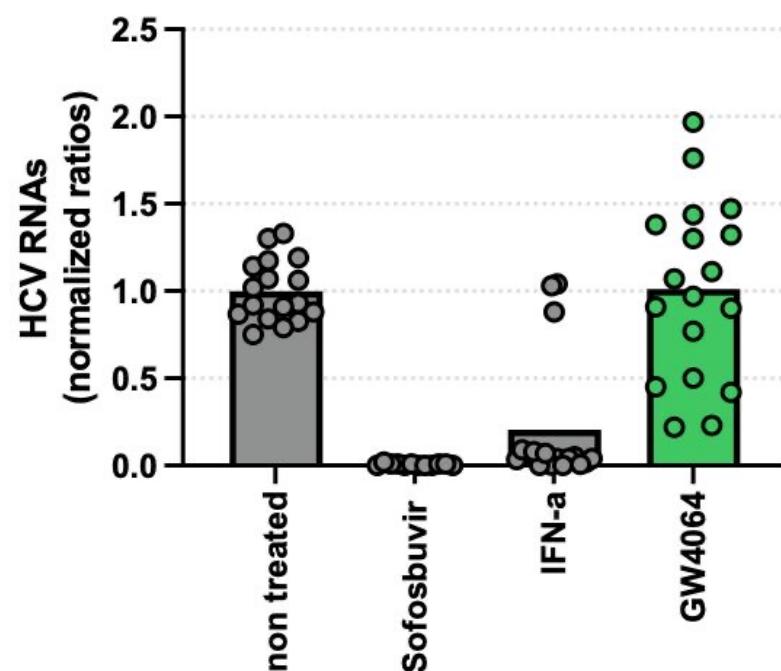
treatments
for 10 days



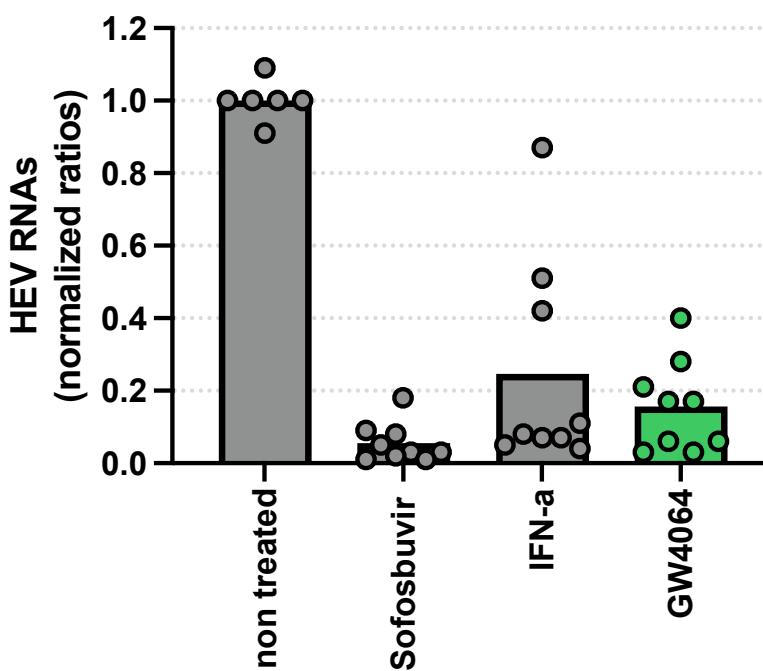
HBV

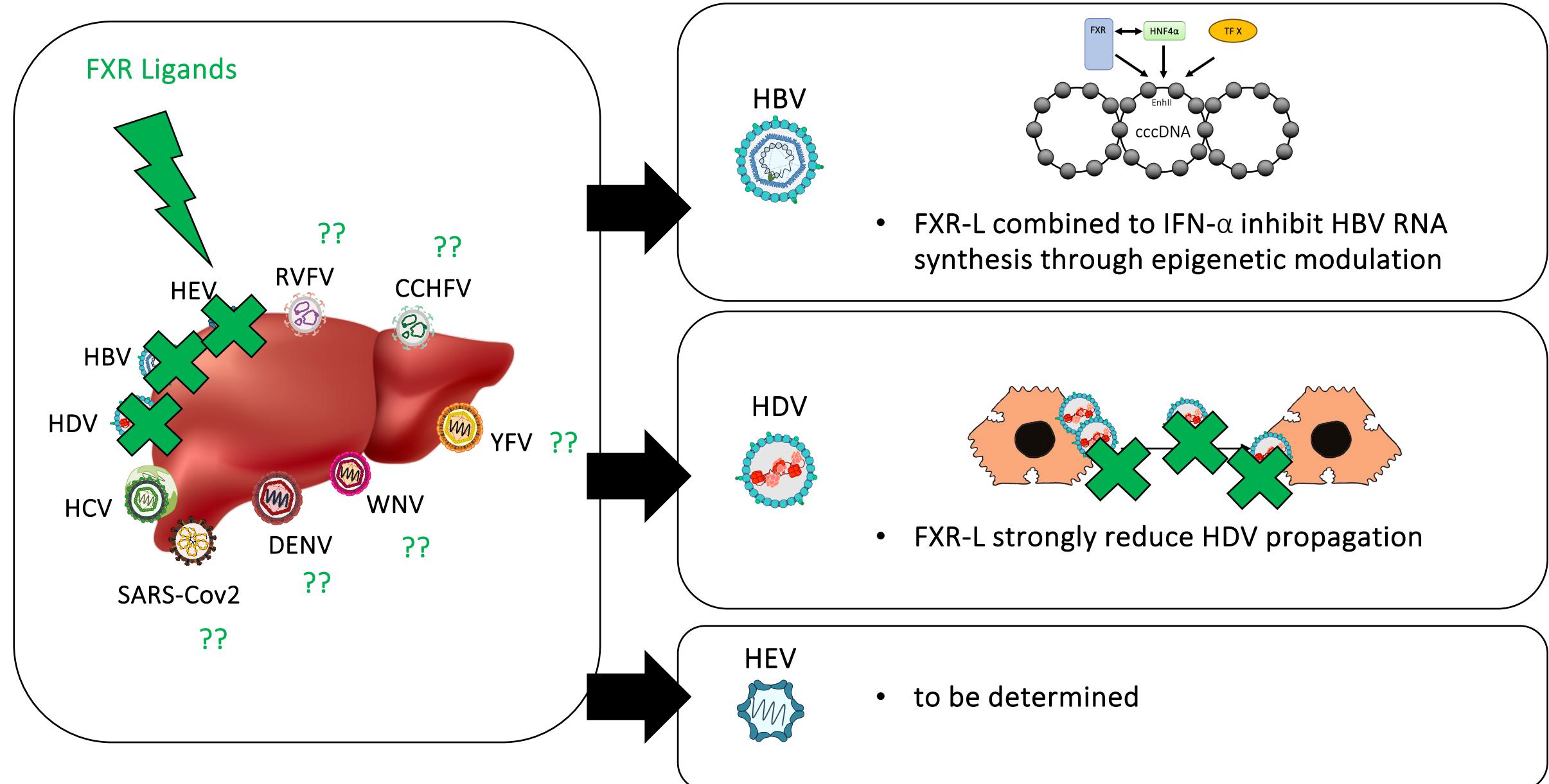


HCV



HEV-3





Acknowledgment



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